9-cm primary focus receiver (2860-3140 and 3290-3600 MHz)

This system is mainly used for spectroscopy observations. It has a feed with one linear polarization.

Calibration Information

Frequency [GHz]	Channel	Polarisation	Tcal [K]		Sensitivity [K/Jy]			TMB/S [K/Jy]		FWHM [arcsec]	Last update
2.900	А	linear	6.8	38	1.55	25	57	2.1	76	266	Sep 2009
3.000	A	linear	6.7	37	1.55	24	56	2.1	74	256	Sep 2009
3.100	A	linear	6.3	33	1.55	21	57	2.0	76	251	Sep 2009
3.350	A	linear	5.7	34	1.55	22	56	2.1	74	227	Sep 2009
3.450	A	linear	5.5	34	1.55	22	56	2.1	74	221	Sep 2009
3.550	A	linear	5.2	30	1.55	19	57	2.1	75	217	Sep 2009
normalized Gain curve (G = A0 + A1·Elv + A2·Elv2) Observed in confirmed								ned			
A0=1.0	Δ	1=0.0		A2=0	.0	Sep	2009				

Comments:

• RFI-situation (in summer 2011): There are several radar systems operating in the frequency range 3000-3400 MHz. Especially between 3200-3400 MHz very strong RFI is to be expected, however, all these systems operate mainly during daytime. Usually there are very few interferences during nighttime and weekends. The range 3400-3600 MHz currently seems to be free of RFI.

Version description for OBSINP

RX Name	Wavelength [cm]	Frequency (center) [GHz]	Nr. of Horns		
P90mm (2,86-3,6 GHz)	9.0	2.9-3.6	1		
Version:	Comment				
1. Cont./Line(USB): 2,86-3,14 GHz (BW: 100 MHz)	Continuum and spectroscopy 1st freq. range				
2. Cont./Line(LSB): 3,29-3,6 GHz (BW: 100 MHz)	Continuum and spectroscopy 2nd freq. range				
Horn offsets [arcsec]	0.0, 0.0				

Channel assignment in the MBFITS data files

Note that the narrow line and VLBA IF channels are usually only available when the specific line version of the receiver was selected. In addition for most receivers with narrow line channels the cables at the patch board need to be connected by the receiver group.

To select different channel numbers in OBSINP, the online plot, or the toolbox the numbers have to be specified like c(1)+c(2) to add channel 1 and 2. E.g. channel 1 and 2 contain the LCP and RCP broadband channels, then "OnlPlot pen='c(1)+c(2)'" or "toolbox use='c(1)+c(2)'" will select these channels. In OBSINP the pen can be directly specified in the receiver selection menu.

Abbreviations:

SB: narrow band channel (Schmalband-Kanal), 100 MHz band width BB: digital broad band channel (Breitband-Kanal), band width varies for different receivers VLBA: VLBA IF, 500 MHz band width BW: band width TP: total power

9.0cm PFK							
Channel	IF	Pol.	Comment				
1	SB	linear	TP A				

Tcal and Tsys measurements

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