

11cm secondary focus receiver (2.595-2.675 GHz)

This system is mainly used for sensitive continuum observations. Be aware, that this band may be influenced by RFI. Hence, the bandwidth should not be too large.

Calibration Information

Frequency [GHz]	Channel	Polarisation	Tcal [K]	Tsys [K]	Sensitivity [K/Jy]	SEFD [Jy]	Aperture Eff. [%]	TMB/S [K/Jy]	Main Beam Eff. [%]	FWHM [arcsec]	Last update
2.6395	A/B	LCP/RCP	2.5	17	1.5	11	53	2.6	58	260	Nov 2012
normalized Gain curve ($G = A0 + A1 \cdot Elv + A2 \cdot Elv^2$)							Observed in	confirmed			
A0 = 1.0		A1 = 0.0		A2 = 0.0		Feb 2007		Nov 2012			

Comments:

- The values for LCP and RCP do not differ significantly.
- A typical value for the zenith opacity is 0.015.

Version description for OBSINP

RX Name	Wavelength [cm]	Frequency (center) [GHz]	Nr. of Horns
S110mm	11	2.6-2.68 (2.64)	1
Version:	Comment		
1. All Modes (BW: 80 MHz)	Narrow band Continuum + 8 ch. polarimeter		
Horn offsets [arcsec]	19.0, 1593.0		

Channel assignment in the MBFITS data files

Note that the narrow line and VLBA IF channels are usually only available when the specific line version of the receiver was selected. In addition for most receivers with narrow line channels the cables at the patch board need to be connected by the receiver group.

To select different channel numbers in OBSINP, the online plot, or the toolbox the numbers have to be specified like $c(1)+c(2)$ to add channel 1 and 2. E.g. channel 1 and 2 contain the LCP and RCP broadband channels, then "OnPlot pen='c(1)+c(2)'" or "toolbox use='c(1)+c(2)'" will select these channels. In OBSINP the pen can be directly specified in the receiver selection menu.

Abbreviations:

SB: narrow band channel (Schmalband-Kanal), 100 MHz band width

BB: digital broad band channel (Breitband-Kanal), band width varies for different receivers

VLBA: VLBA IF, 500 MHz band width

BW: band width

TP: total power

11cm SFK single horn receiver (multi channel polarimeter 2.595-2.675GHz)

Channel	IF	Pol.	Comment
1	SB	LCP	center=2.595 GHz, BW=10 MHz, TP A
2	SB	RCP	center=2.595 GHz, BW=10 MHz, TP B
3	SB	cross	center=2.595 GHz, BW=10 MHz, cos AB
4	SB	cross	center=2.595 GHz, BW=10 MHz, sin AB
5	SB	LCP	center=2.605 GHz, BW=10 MHz, TP A
6	SB	RCP	center=2.605 GHz, BW=10 MHz, TP B
7	SB	cross	center=2.605 GHz, BW=10 MHz, cos AB
8	SB	cross	center=2.605 GHz, BW=10 MHz, sin AB
9-28	...	...	continues in 10 MHz steps until
29	SB	LCP	center=2.675 GHz, BW=10 MHz, TP A
30	SB	RCP	center=2.675 GHz, BW=10 MHz, TP B
31	SB	cross	center=2.675 GHz, BW=10 MHz, cos AB
32	SB	cross	center=2.675 GHz, BW=10 MHz, sin AB
			the last 4 channels contain the total IF 2.595-2.675 GHz
33	SB	LCP	center=2.635 GHz, BW=80 MHz, TP A
34	SB	RCP	center=2.635 GHz, BW=80 MHz, TP B
35	SB	cross	center=2.635 GHz, BW=80 MHz, cos AB
36	SB	cross	center=2.635 GHz, BW=80 MHz, sin AB

Tcal and Tsys measurements



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