13cm secondary focus receiver (2200-2300 MHz)

This receiver was constructed for S/X VLBI observations together with the 3.6cm system. It is a single channel system (RCP) illuminated by a paraboloid mirror (with a central opening) which is built around the 3.6cm horn. There is no S130mm receiver version, but the S-band signal is available as a 5th channel of the S36mm X-band receiver (see this picture).

Calibration Information

Frequency [GHz]	Channel	Polarisation	Tcal [K]	Tsys [K]	Sensitivity [K/Jy]	SEFD [Jy]	Aperture Eff. [%]	TMB/S [K/Jy]	Main Beam Eff. [%]	FWHM [arcsec]	Last update
2.250	A	RCP	13.6	150	0.49	306	17			354	Dez 2004
normalized Gain curve (G = A0 + A1·Elv + A2·Elv2) Observed in confirmed $A0 = 1.0$ $A1 = 0.0$ $A2 = 0.0$ Feb 2007								ned	•		

Comments:

• The special configuration (tertiary mirror) leads to an additional loss of sensitivity.

Version description for OBSINP

RX Name	Wavelength [cm] Frequency (center) [GH		Nr. of Horns			
S36mm + 13cm	3.6/13	7.9-9.0 (8.35)/2.4	1			
Version:	Comment					
1. Continuum (BW: 1.1 GHz)	1. Continuum (BW: 1.1 GHz) Broad Band Continuum + Polarimeter					
2. Line (BW: 100 MHz)	Spectroscopy/Continuum using narrow band IF + VLBI IF Polarimeter					
3. Line (BW: 500 MHz)	Spectroscopy/Continuum using VLBA IF + VLBA IF Polarimeter					
4. Pulsar (BW: 1.1 GHz) Pulsar 1.1 GHz BW Version						
5. Pulsar (BW: 500 MHz)	Pulsar 500 MHz BW V	ersion				
6. Pulsar (BW: 100 MHz)	Pulsar 100 MHz BW V	ersion	-			

Channel assignment in the MBFITS data files

Note that the narrow line and VLBA IF channels are usually only available when the specific line version of the receiver was selected. In addition for most receivers with narrow line channels the cables at the patch board need to be connected by the receiver group.

To select different channel numbers in OBSINP, the online plot, or the toolbox the numbers have to be specified like c(1)+c(2) to add channel 1 and 2. E.g. channel 1 and 2 contain the LCP and RCP broadband channels, then "OnlPlot pen='c(1)+c(2)" or "toolbox use='c(1)+c(2)" will select these channels. In OBSINP the pen can be directly specified in the receiver selection menu.

Abbreviations:

SB: narrow band channel (Schmalband-Kanal), 100 MHz band width

BB: digital broad band channel (Breitband-Kanal), band width varies for different receivers

VLBA: VLBA IF, 500 MHz band width

BW: band width TP: total power

3.6cm SFK single horn receiver with polarimeter (+13cm offset horn for Geo-VLBI)						
Channel	IF	Pol.	Comment			
1	SB	RCP	TP A			
2	SB	LCP	ТР В			
3	SB	cross	cos AB			
4	SB	cross	sin AB			
5	SB	RCP	13cm, TP A			
6	ВВ	LCP	TP A			
7	ВВ	RCP	ТР В			
8	ВВ	cross	cos AB			
9	ВВ	cross	sin AB			
10	VLBA	LCP	TP A			
11	VLBA	RCP	ТР В			
12	VLBA	cross	cos AB			
13	VLBA	cross	sin AB			

Spectroscopy modes and resolution

BW	nchan	nu	Df	Dv	dv
MHz		MHz	kHz	km/s	km/s
100	32768	2200	3.1	0.416	0.482
100	32768	2250	3.1	0.407	0.472
100	32768	2300	3.1	0.398	0.461
500	32768	2200	15.3	2.079	2.412
500	32768	2250	15.3	2.033	2.358
500	32768	2300	15.3	1.989	2.307

Tcal and Tsys measurements

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Last update: 2013/09/30 13:49

