

# 13cm secondary focus receiver (2200-2300 MHz)

This receiver was constructed for S/X VLBI observations together with the 3.6cm system. It is a single channel system (RCP) illuminated by a paraboloid mirror (with a central opening) which is built around the 3.6cm horn. There is no S130mm receiver version, but the S-band signal is available as a 5th channel of the S36mm X-band receiver (see this [picture](#)).

## Calibration Information

Frequency [GHz]	Channel	Polarisation	Tcal [K]	Tsys [K]	Sensitivity [K/Jy]	SEFD [Jy]	Aperture Eff. [%]	TMB/S [K/Jy]	Main Beam Eff. [%]	FWHM [arcsec]	Last update
2.250	A	RCP	13.6	150	0.49	306	17			354	Dez 2004
normalized Gain curve ( $G = A0 + A1 \cdot Elv + A2 \cdot Elv^2$ )							Observed in		confirmed		
A0 = 1.0		A1 = 0.0		A2 = 0.0		Feb 2007					

## Comments:

- The special configuration (tertiary mirror) leads to an additional loss of sensitivity.

## Version description for OBSINP

RX Name	Wavelength [cm]	Frequency (center) [GHz]	Nr. of Horns
<b>S36mm + 13cm</b>	3.6/13	7.9-9.0 (8.35)/2.4	1
<b>Version:</b>	<b>Comment</b>		
1. Continuum (BW: 1.1 GHz)	Broad Band Continuum + Polarimeter		
2. Line (BW: 100 MHz)	Spectroscopy/Continuum using narrow band IF + VLBI IF Polarimeter		
3. Line (BW: 500 MHz)	Spectroscopy/Continuum using VLBA IF + VLBA IF Polarimeter		
4. Pulsar (BW: 1.1 GHz)	Pulsar 1.1 GHz BW Version		
5. Pulsar (BW: 500 MHz)	Pulsar 500 MHz BW Version		
6. Pulsar (BW: 100 MHz)	Pulsar 100 MHz BW Version		

## Channel assignment in the MBFITS data files

Note that the narrow line and VLBA IF channels are usually only available when the specific line version of the receiver was selected. In addition for most receivers with narrow line channels the cables at the patch board need to be connected by the receiver group.

To select different channel numbers in OBSINP, the online plot, or the toolbox the numbers have to be specified like c(1)+c(2) to add channel 1 and 2. E.g. channel 1 and 2 contain the LCP and RCP broadband channels, then "OnlPlot pen='c(1)+c(2)'" or "toolbox use='c(1)+c(2)'" will select these channels. In OBSINP the pen can be directly specified in the receiver selection menu.

## Abbreviations:

SB: narrow band channel (Schmalband-Kanal), 100 MHz band width

BB: digital broad band channel (Breitband-Kanal), band width varies for different receivers

VLBA: VLBA IF, 500 MHz band width

BW: band width

TP: total power

<b>3.6cm SFK single horn receiver with polarimeter (+13cm offset horn for Geo-VLBI)</b>			
<b>Channel</b>	<b>IF</b>	<b>Pol.</b>	<b>Comment</b>
1	SB	RCP	TP A
2	SB	LCP	TP B
3	SB	cross	cos AB
4	SB	cross	sin AB
<b>5</b>	<b>SB</b>	<b>RCP</b>	<b>13cm, TP A</b>
6	BB	LCP	TP A
7	BB	RCP	TP B
8	BB	cross	cos AB
9	BB	cross	sin AB
10	VLBA	LCP	TP A
11	VLBA	RCP	TP B
12	VLBA	cross	cos AB
13	VLBA	cross	sin AB

## Tcal and Tsys measurements

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[https://eff100mwiki.mpifr-bonn.mpg.de/doku.php?id=information\\_for\\_astronomers:rx:s130mm&rev=1363093804](https://eff100mwiki.mpifr-bonn.mpg.de/doku.php?id=information_for_astronomers:rx:s130mm&rev=1363093804)

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